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TODAY and TOMORROW

The Security Problem

THE most vital problem of Russia and the Anglo-Americans is security—security for themselves. Each of the Big Three wants to secure their own homelands and territories. Though all the Big Three are vitally interested in security, in the ways and means of achieving security, Russia and the Anglo-Americans are greatly opposed.

The Russian policy is that power is security. Russia is steadily consolidating her influence and power in Europe. Stalin knows very well that for all their talk of joint security, the Anglo-Americans are really concerned mostly with organising an anti-Russian bloc. To the Anglo-Americans security means security against Russia. Therefore Russia believes that she can have real security only through increasing and strengthening her own power.

The Polish issue is only a part of the vital conflict between Russia and the Anglo-Americans. Russia is strengthening her own power and influence over Poland, as she is doing in the Balkan states, in central Europe and in the Baltic States. In all these regions Russia is strengthening herself as the only way of ensuring security.

Thus actually Russia is interested in security for herself from the Anglo-American menace and the Anglo-Americans are even more desperately organising security for themselves against Russia. Meanwhile it suits all the Big Three to deceive the other nations through the pretence and farce of the San Francisco conference and joint world security talks and plans. The Big Three may continue this ridiculous farce through all the various stages of talking and paper planning.

The Anglo-American-Soviet conflict will therefore not come out so clearly at San Francisco. In that farce, the Big Three will dance together in perfect unison or they will somehow harmonise their very different steps. But the Soviet-Anglo-American conflict cannot fail to break out sooner or later into an actual clash—into a fight, a war.

At present, while Russia is consolidating her power and influence in Europe, the Anglo-Americans are adopting bullying tactics to make Russia abandon her own security policy based upon power. But, as in Poland, they cannot change Russia's policy. The Polish government will always be a Russian-sponsored government, a government chosen by Russia. As in Poland, so also in all Europe and over the whole world, wherever Russian and Anglo-American interests conflict, Russia will go her own strong way, increasing her own power and influence. The Anglo-Americans will not be able to check Russia by their conferences, majority votes and small nation and middle nation alliances. Anglo-American-Soviet relations can have only one possible end—and that is an actual clash, another mad power-thirsty war.

27 Foe Warcraft Sunk, Damaged In Okinawa Waters

—:o:—

498 War Vessels Sunk & Damaged To Date During Okinawa Operations

Tokyo, May 6 (Domei)—Dai Honyei announced at 5.30 p.m. today:—

"Firstly, our air units are keeping up their attacks on enemy surface-craft and his task force around Main Okinawa Island as well as on the enemy airbase on the same island. Especially since May 3, they have been carrying out repeated furious attacks, inflicting heavy losses on the enemy.

"Out of war results scored by our units since May 3, the following has been ascertained up-to-date:

"Sunk: one converted aircraft-carrier, three battleships, one cruiser, four cruisers or destroyers, one destroyer, one minesweeper, four warcraft of unidentified categories (one of which was a warcraft of the larger type), and one transport.

"Damaged: three converted aircraft-carriers, one cruiser, one destroyer and one transport. More than 20 places were set ablaze.

"The majority of our air units which took part in these attacks were special attack corps.

"Secondly, our submarines during the period from the night of May 1 to the morning of May 2 assaulted enemy supply units cruising northward in waters south of Main Okinawa Island and sank one large transport, two destroyers and two warcraft of unidentified categories."

War results achieved by our air and surface special attack corps and other units since the enemy started his Okinawa operations until May 5, have mounted to a rather amazingly large number of enemy warcraft and vessels—498 either sunk or heavily damaged, including the sinking by our air force of 16 enemy warcraft and the damaging of six others during the three days May 3, 4 and 5, as announced by Dai Honyei today. The aforementioned total figure is based on confirmed war results announced by Dai Honyei alone, recapitulated as follows:

SUNK: 13 aircraft-carriers, 13 battleships, four battleships or cruisers, one battleship or transport, nine large-type warcraft, 44 cruisers, ten cruisers or destroyers, one cruiser or transport, 38 destroyers, 34 transports, one oil-tanker, 16 landing transports, 85 warcraft of unidentified types and five minesweepers, totalling 274.

HEAVILY DAMAGED: 11 aircraft-carriers, 13 battleships. 15 battleships or cruisers, 13 large-type warcraft, 22 cruisers, two cruisers or destroyers, one cruiser or transport, 25 destroyers, 34 transports, one oil-tanker or aircraft-carrier, 74 warcraft of unidentified categories, two minesweepers and two torpedo-boats, totalling 215.

SUNK OR DAMAGED (Probably Sunk): Two aircraft-carriers, one battleship, one battleship or cruiser and five large-sized warcraft, totalling nine.

GANDHIJI'S REJOINDER TO SIR FEROZE KHAN; RELEASE OF NEHRU DEMANDED

—:o:—

According to a report from New Delhi, Mahatma Gandhi has replied to a suggestion made by Sir Feroze Khan Noon recently at a press conference in San Francisco that he should retire from politics in favour of a younger man such as Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

In a statement issued in Mahabaleshwar, Gandhiji said that Feroze Khan should have known that he had called the Pandit his successor. He and Pandit are friends and not rivals, declared Gandhiji. Concluding, Gandhiji asked Feroze Khan to try and persuade his British masters to release Pandit Nehru and his fellow prisoners and thus see his wish fulfilled.

Commenting on Gandhiji's statement, Krishna Menon, Secretary of the India League in Britain said that he could not think of anything more reasonable than what Gandhiji had said. He added that it was now up to Feroze Khan Noon to make good his talk in the United States.

Meanwhile, revealing the anxiety of the British to appease the nationalist forces in India in some way or other, Labour leader, Emmanuel Shinwell told a British news agency that he had for a long time said that there was no sense in the continued detention of Indian leaders by the British authorities. He added that if the British Government was wise, it would avail itself of the opportunity presented to reconsider its present policy towards India.

Startling Revelation On Acute India Famine

The startling revelation that more than 95 per cent. of the people in India have not enough to eat as a result of British loot and plunder of India's foodstuffs was made in New Delhi yesterday by Dr. V. C. Gumar of the Central Food Department. Dr. Gumar said that according to modern standards of nourishment, more than 95 per cent. of the people in India were undernourished both quantitatively and qualitatively. In view of the serious food situation throughout the country, he urged the immediate need for more kinds of optimum food.

Vijayalakshmi Urges Immediate Declaration Of India Freedom

Tokyo, May 5 (Domei)—Mrs. Pandit, sister of Jawaharlal Nehru, on behalf of the India League of America and the National Committee for India's Freedom, submitted to the San Francisco Conference a memorandum calling for an immediate declaration of India's independence, Reuter's special correspondent covering the conference cabled yesterday, Friday, according to a Reuter's newscast recorded here.

Stressing India's geographical, cultural and economic unity, Mrs. Pandit said that the 400 millions of Indians are today held as slaves by the British. She said that India is without a national government or a national flag and without any national representation or diplomatic exchange in councils of nations except by the hirelings and puppets of the British Raj.

Such a state of affairs, declared Mrs. Pandit, is not only a grave moral and political wrong to India but a travesty of the claim that the so-called United Nations' Conference consists of representatives of sovereign nations. Denouncing Anglo-American imperialism, Mrs. Pandit said that this Imperialist system should now be removed in principle and abandoned in practice by unequivocal acknowledgement and declaration of a Free India.

Commenting on Mrs. Pandit's memorandum to the San Francisco Conference, competent observers declare that all her efforts will not have any effect on the conference, especially in view of the fact that Churchill and Amery are determined not to offer India anything more than the notorious Cripps' plan. They also recall the statement made recently by Commander Stassen that Indian issue will not be discussed at the Conference.

Developments In Greater E. Asia Battles Surveyed

—:o:—

Fierce & Bitter Fighting Raging Practically In All Theatres Of War

Tokyo, May 6 (Domei)—While Nippon air forces in the Okinawa sector kept up heavy attacks on enemy warcraft and transports around Okinawa Island, inflicting huge losses on the enemy, the war situation on other fronts during the past week was characterized by intensification of enemy operations on Mindanao Island and a fresh enemy landing in the Rangoon sector.

Fighting on Mindanao Island centered on the Davao area where a heavy engagement is now under way. Meanwhile, enemy naval forces, including battleships, cruisers, and destroyers are operating off Sarangani and San Augustin, southern coast of Mindanao Island.

On the Burma front enemy forces spearheaded by motorized units advanced southward along the Mandalay-Rangoon highway. Enemy forces in the Taungdwingyi sector reached Allanmyo while other units penetrated Pyinbu, west of Yenangyaung.

In Southern Burma enemy airborne troops descended in the Rangoon sector on May 1. At the same time enemy naval forces invaded the estuary of the Rangoon River and started landing operations.

In the South-west Pacific heavy fighting is at present in progress between enemy landed forces and Nippon defenders of Tarakan, as enemy forces landed in Lingkas on May 1 under cover of heavy ship bombardment.

Meanwhile, with 35 days of bitterly contested fighting in Ryukyu Islands resulting in a drastic whittling down of the enemy's original numerical superiority, Nippon's strength in this war sector is now equal to the enemy if not superior.

Fully grasping this golden opportunity which they had been patiently awaiting, our forces brought the full force of their deadly might to bear on the enemy. Through a series of six successive aerial offensives against enemy task forces, Nippon air forces finally succeeded in breaking the overwhelming superiority. Nippon ground forces on Okinawa exacted heavy toll of the enemy. During the period of 30 days the enemy made gains of only ten kilometres at his most advanced positions, while less than five kilometre gains were made front of main Nippon positio During this entire time t enemy's personnel losses land have been rapidly mc ing, averaging more than daily.

U.S. Government Takes Control Of Coal Mines

Lisbon, May 4 (Domei)—The United States Government yesterday took over the operation of over 363 hard coal mines in Pennsylvania under orders from American President Harry Truman in a move to ensure American war production, according to a Washington dispatch.

The Government at the same time seized 33 soft coal mines owing to the refusal of miners to resume work although a new soft coal contract has been signed with the Government's approval.

KONAN SAIKEN DRAW RESULTS

The following are the results of the Konan Saiken (23rd term) drawn at the Syonan Kokaido on Saturday afternoon:

1st Prize—$50,000, 267915; (Penang). Consolation Prizes $1,000 each: 267914 and 267916.

2nd Prize—$20,000, 107081.

3rd Prize—$10,000 each: 572160, 506407 and 287619.

4th Prize—$5,000 each: 578566, 226420 and 297525.

5th Prize—$1,000 each.

176971; 466551; 304535; 168749;
128671; 262830; 557706; 327266.

6th Prize—$500 each:

521049; 356255; 198603; 249188;
176081; 251797; 232785; 437753;
349447; 212971; 495972; 199014;
146236; 576489; 150316; 297192;
475286; 590208; 189841; 213063.

7th Prize—$100 each:

498959; 506276; 257925; 575256;
460863; 537922; 186652; 579859;
533975; 464291; 540543; 505593;
289341; 138050; 219777; 421254;
483744; 371374; 252982; 396265;
506155; 239105; 175221; 341859;
536356; 516283; 363547; 162043;
209962; 164399; 171057; 206664;
269500; 283129; 549409; 390592;
552652; 302158; 367772; 439181;
116813; 439731; 368357; 304353;
182864; 160873; 190486; 597076;
506716; 230871; 333973; 266519;
231148; 311478; 552559; 218763;
182792; 347597; 123945; 274537;
163,474; 528281; 122931; 276348;
116221; 122556; 217749; 350592;
532128; 470790; 584271; 427606;
587789; 326184; 552222; 210456;
486459; 220040; 544576; 505820;
427435; 418840; 235233; 250892;
148698; 334975; 564451; 496358;
362920; 500694; 176728; 573693;
494421; 160185; 322098; 197168;
463132; 133390; 232186; 416023;
184456; 545840; 148927; 213902;
365957; 208649; 564207; 241354;
202705; 183626; 200311; 285605;
443940; 117314; 598117; 442201;
452119; 592509; 236337; 371109;
243087; 567276; 446076; 134137;
466070; 251445; 401563 215606;
431579; 367376; 513307; 178126;
576398; 592438; 467824; 312967;
264321; 564350; 123643; 587067;
133362; 314350; 376733; 331020;
169828; 560229; 208861; 344969;
185626; 520310; 263883; 439459;
244467; 576774; 452372; 592707;
153702; 588240; 285306; 432749;
378774; 364836; 325384; 436198;
454775; 327118; 299602; 207801;
266885; 322382; 238332; 526686;
295573; 154988; 509827; 472516;
463682; 246094; 171841; 449880;
523178; 237352; 499970; 238546;
279108; 578813; 435486; 130934;
288388; 413623; 353441; 265195;
118403; 198482; 172484; 501848;
244184; 343140; 516953; 133321.

8th Prize—$50 each: All tickets ending in the following three digits:—666, 540 and 329.

9th Prize—$10 each: All tickets ending in the following three digits:—643, 392, 184 and 983.

10th Prize—$1 each: All tickets ending in the following digit:—1.

Nippon Launches Large Offensive War In Okinawa

Ryukyu Front, May 5 (Domei)—In conjunction with the full-dress offensive carried out since May 3 by Nippon air forces, including special attack corps, Nippon ground forces on Okinawa Island yesterday morning, May 4, launched a largescale offensive against enemy invaders. Nippon assaults against the enemy are now progressing with excellent results.

Tokyo, May 5 (Domei)—The battle for Okinawa now is in its 34th day and the Nippon forces are still maintaining their determined stand in the southern part of the island, an Associated Press dispatch recorded here said, on Friday. It added "some minor gains have been scored by fresh American troops who have been thrown into the fight. Generally, however, the battle for Okinawa is more or less a stalemate at this time."

Meanwhile, San Francisco Radio quoting an official announcement yesterday May 4 said "only slight gains against stiff resistance put up by strong Nippon positions were made Thursday following resumption of the offensive by the United States Tenth Army on southern Okinawa." The radio also disclosed that American navy casualties in the Ryukyu operations amounted to 5,551 men killed, wounded or missing.

Tarakan Air & Oilfields Firmly In Nippon Hands

A Nippon Base in Borneo, May 5 (Domei)—Giving an account of the Tarakan war situation, the Nippon garrison authorities this morning announced that in the Lingkas sector the main strength of the enemy is at present frenziedly engaged in expanding his bridgehead while at the same time showing signs of impatience in his attempts to advance upon the airfield and oilfield areas. Nippon forces however, are firmly holding on to their positions, and through storming attacks, throwing the enemy into confusion. Damage suffered on the Nippon side has been extremely small.

The announcement also disclosed that in addition to war results announced earlier, two minesweepers and one motor launch are confirmed to have been instantaneously sunk, bringing the total number of enemy minesweepers sunk to five. More than 400 enemy troops have been killed or wounded, while two heavy and two light machineguns have been destroyed.

NOTICE

The Anniversary of the 1st War of Indian Independence will be celebrated on 10th May by all branches of the Indian Independence League throughout East Asia.

VICE-PRESIDENT,
I.I.L., East Asia.

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Starving India To Feed "Liberated" Countries!

While hundreds of thousands of Indians all over the country are dying of famine and pestilence which are the direct result of the British loot and plunder of India's wealth, foodstuffs and other resources to prosecute their war of aggression, a despatch from Washington states that the British Government in India have magnanimously contributed eight crores of rupees extorted from the Indian masses to the U.N.R.R.A. Fund.

This so-called contribution by the Government of India, the despatch adds, will laregly be used to procure initial U.N.R.R.A. Relief supplies in India for shipment to countries receiving U.N.R.R.A. assistance. These goods are expected to include jute, peanuts, tea and war supplies.

In a letter to Sir Girja Sankar Bajpai, the so-called Agent General for India in America, Herbert Lehman, Director General of the U.N.R.R.A. says that although these goods are immediately needed in India to meet the urgent needs of the Indians themselves, the export of such goods will be of utmost assistance to U.N.R.R.A. and will be very gratefully received by the peoples of war devastated countries. In other words, Indians are forced by the British authorities to contribute towards the relief of other peoples while they themselves are dying of starvation and pestilence.

U.S. War Casualties Nearing Million Mark

Lisbon, May 4 (Domei)—American armed forces' casualties since Pearl Harbour now amount to 950,472, American War Secretary Henry L. Stimson disclosed yesterday in his weekly review of War losses, according to a Washington dispatch.

Stimson said that Army casualties alone during this period amounted to over 848,000, including 170,000 killed.

Referring to the Italian operations, the War Secretary said that from the time of the anti-Axis landing in September, 1943 up to April 28, the American Fifth Army suffered 109,163 casualties, including 21,577 killed.

U.S. Navy Dept. Admits Loss Of Another Sub

Lisbon, May 4 (Domei)—The United States Navy Department yesterday admitted another American submarine is overdue and presumed lost, bringing the total number lost since the outbreak of war to 43, according to a Washington report.

Total Deadlock In 'Frisco Over Polish Question

Lisbon, May 4 (Domei)—The British and United States Governments have refused to continue discussions on the Polish question with the Soviet Union on a revelation by Soviet Foreign Commissar Viacheslav Molotov that 16 Polish leaders affiliated with the London Polish Regime who disappeared about one month ago were under Russian arrest, according to a Reuter message from San Francisco. The British delegation in San Francisco said the Anglo-American powers had been making persistent inquiries about the missing Polish leaders who 'disappeared' after meeting Soviet military authorities in Poland.

After a prolonged mystery concerning the whereabouts of the missing leaders Molotov finally officially informed American Secretary of State Edward Stettinius that these leaders had been arrested on a charge of "diversionary activities against the Red Army," the delegation disclosed. The dispatch said British Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden is reporting this "most serious development" to the British Government and meanwhile has informed Molotov that he "cannot continue discussions on the Polish issue."

It is generally believed, however, the Anglo-American powers have decided to discontinue talks with the Soviet Union owing to the more basic differences which have arisen among them, as the British Government, prior to Soviet recognition of the Soviet-sponsored Polish Regime, had been following a lukewarm policy toward the London Polish Government.

It will be recalled the British authorities evinced little concern or sympathy when the London Polish Government first charged the Soviet Union with abducting its political leaders about one month ago.

Polish Government's New Appointments Revealed

Lisbon, May 4 (Domei)—The Moscow Radio today reported that Edward Osubkha-Morawski, Premier of the Soviet-sponsored Polish Government, has relinquished his concurrent post of Foreign Minister to Wincenty Rzymowsky, former Minister of Culture.

At the same time, Edward Zaleski was reported to have been named Minister of Culture.

Tass Agency Hits Out At Anglo-U.S. Criticism

Lisbon, May 4 (Domei)—Striking out at Anglo-American criticism over Soviet detention of leaders affiliated with the London Polish Regime, a Tass dispatch from Moscow today strongly justified the Soviet action, charging that the arrested Polish leaders engaged in "diversionary acts in the rear of the Red Army, as a result of which more than 100 officers and men of the Red Army lost their lives."

It said "the group is also accused of installation and maintenance in the rear of Soviet troops of illegal radio transmitters." All these persons or some of them will be committed to trial, the agency said. Meantime, Tass denied as utterly groundless British reports of the murder and shooting of Poles at Sedice which was raised in the House of Commons on Wednesday.

Kuomintang Congress Opens In Chungking

Shanghai, May 5 (Domei)—The Sixth National Congress of Kuomintang delegates opened in Chungking today, according to a Chungking dispatch. Main topics of discussion included examination of the draft constitution, improvement of Chungking-Soviet relations, and re-examination of Chungking-Yenan relations.

Due to the delicate turn of Chungking-Yenan relations there has been an atmosphere of tension from the outset.

Nippon Envoy To Italy To Leave For Switzerland

Zurich, May 4 (Domei)—It is learned that Shinrokuro Hidaka, Nippon Ambassador in Italy and party are awaiting official permission from the Swiss Government to enter Swiss territory at Muenster. The party comprises 29 persons including staff as well as Manchoukuo Legation officials and family members

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